

来週(6/5)演習(13:30-15:00)

前回 置換 = 並べかえ

π_1, \dots, π_n から π_1, \dots, π_n の

並換

並びかえの表現法

$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 \rightarrow 3 \\ 2 \rightarrow 1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 3 \rightarrow 4 \\ 4 \rightarrow 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\sigma = (12)(34) \quad \text{Sgn } \sigma = -1$$

並びかえの表現法

並換

並びかえの表現法

並換

並びかえの表現法

並換

3.2 行列式

定義 n 次正方行列 $A = (a_{ij})$ に $\det A$

$$\det(A) = \sum_{\sigma \in S_n} \text{Sgn}(\sigma) a_{1\sigma(1)} a_{2\sigma(2)} \cdots a_{n\sigma(n)}$$

($S_n = \{\sigma : \{1, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n\}$ の置換全体)

を A の行列式といふ

A の行列式は $\det(A), |A|, \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ a_{n1} & \cdots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$ と書く

不足 この定義からdetを計算するには
 $N=2, 3$ くらいしかない。

$$\boxed{15} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \det A = ad - bc,$$

$$\text{証} A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} a = a_{11} & b = a_{12} \\ c = a_{21} & d = a_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$S_2 = \{ \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{1, 2\} \text{ の } \text{置換全體} \}$

$$= \left\{ \begin{matrix} \varepsilon_2, (1,2) \\ 1 \quad | \quad H \end{matrix} \right\} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{sgn } \varepsilon_2 = 1 \\ \text{sgn } (12) = -1 \\ (\text{又}) \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} (\varepsilon_2 \text{ 小さな等価関係}) \\ (\text{又}) \text{ にも (ない) が} \end{matrix}$$

$$\operatorname{Sgn} \varepsilon_2 = 1 \quad (\varepsilon_2 \text{ 小于零时取负号})$$

(-)

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{1} \leftrightarrow \text{2}}, \quad \sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = (12) \text{ と } \tau_2$$

$$\det A = \frac{\text{sgn} \tau}{1} \frac{a_{11}}{a_{11}} \frac{a_{22}}{a_{22}} + \frac{\text{sgn} \sigma}{-1} \frac{a_{11}}{a_{12}} \frac{a_{21}}{a_{21}}$$

$$= a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}$$

$$= ad - bc$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = ad - bc$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \cancel{(a \ell)} \\ \cancel{a} \quad \cancel{\ell} \\ \times 10 \\ \cancel{a} \end{array}$$

$$[A_{112}] A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} \text{ と } \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det A = \cancel{aei + bfj + cdh} - \cancel{afh} - \cancel{bdi} - \cancel{ceg}$$

$$[A_{112}] \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} \times \{ \}$$

$\sum_3 = \{ \pi_{1,2,3} \rightarrow \pi_{1,2,33} \text{ の置換} \} \quad n_1 = 3 = 6 \}$

$S_3 = \{ (123), (123)(123), (123)(132), (123)(231), (123)(312) \}$
σ
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline & 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$
sgn
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ \hline a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{21} \\ \hline a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{31} \\ \hline \end{array}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \det(A) &= \sum_{\sigma \in S_3} \operatorname{Sgn}(\sigma) a_{1\sigma(1)} a_{2\sigma(2)} a_{3\sigma(3)} \\
 &= \operatorname{Sgn}\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}\right) a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} \\
 &\quad + \operatorname{Sgn}\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{smallmatrix}\right) a_{12} a_{21} a_{33} - a_{12} a_{21} a_{33} \\
 &\quad + \operatorname{Sgn}\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) a_{13} a_{22} a_{31} - a_{13} a_{22} a_{31} \\
 &\quad + \operatorname{Sgn}\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}\right) a_{11} a_{23} a_{32} - a_{11} a_{23} a_{32} \\
 &\quad + \operatorname{Sgn}\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} + a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} \\
 &\quad + \operatorname{Sgn}\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}\right) a_{13} a_{21} a_{32} + a_{13} a_{21} a_{32}
 \end{aligned}$$

示したい定理 $\det(A) \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow A$ が正則 (A^{-1} を持つ)

$(A \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix})$ で 行列化して \det をつかう

因みに $\det(A)$ は定義から計算しない
 → 行基本変形をつかえば算べる

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ある行を倍} \\ \text{一行の入れかえ} \\ \text{ある行に平行の行を倍} \end{array} \right.$

3.2.2 行列式の計算方法

定理

- ① $\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ 0 & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 0 & a_{nn} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = a_{11} \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \\ a_{nn} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$
- ② $\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ 0 & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = a_{11} a_{22} \dots a_{nn}$
- ③ $\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ b_{11} + c_{11} & \dots & b_{1n} + c_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{nn} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ b_{11} & \dots & b_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{nn} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ c_{11} & \dots & c_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{nn} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$

定理

- ① $\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ c a_{21} & \dots & c a_{2n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ c a_{n1} & \dots & c a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = c \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$ (ある行にC倍すると行列式はC倍)
- ② $\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ a_{31} & \dots & a_{3n} \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{31} & \dots & a_{3n} \\ a_{21} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$ 行を入れかえると行列式は(-1)倍
- ③ $\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} + c_{11} & \dots & a_{2n} + c_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$ (ある行にB1の行をC倍して+する) 行列式は不变

つまり行除法式は
行基本変形(主に③)で $\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ 0 & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ 0 & a_{n2} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$ がつく。

右の定理①により $a_{11} \times \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ a_{n2} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix}$ の行除法式

$\boxed{(-5)} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 5 & 7 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ の行除法式

$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 5 & 7 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[2\text{行目}]{} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 15 & 11 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow[3\text{行目}]{} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 15 & 11 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 15 \\ 0 & 11 & 11 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \times \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 15 \\ 11 & 11 \end{vmatrix} \quad \det \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = ad - bc$$

$$= 1 \times (1 \times 11 - 15 \times 11) = -154$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 5 & 7 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \times (-5) \times (-11 + 3 \times 7 \times (-3) + 4 \times (-5) \times (-3))$$

$$- | \times 7 \times 2 - 3 \times (-2) \times (-1) - 4 \times 5 \times (-3) |$$

1511) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 & -5 & 3 \\ -6 & 13 & 14 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -2 & -8 \\ 2 & -5 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ の 11 行列式

(計算方法)
 24 の和を持て
 41

2	-4	-5	3	1 行目	(-1)	1	-2	-2	-8
-6	13	14	1	2 行目		-6	13	14	1
1	-2	-2	-8	3 行目		2	-4	-5	3
2	-5	0	5	4 行目		2	-5	0	5

1 行目 $\times (-1)$
 3 行目 $\times (-1)$
 4 行目 $\times (-1)$

1 行目 $\times 6$ を持て
 2 行目 $\times 6$ を持て

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3\text{行目} = 1\text{行目} \times (-2) \text{+ 2行目}}{4\text{行目} = 1\text{行目} \times (-2) \text{+ 3行目}} \quad (-1) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 & -2 & -8 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 19 \\ 8 & -1 & 4 & 21 \end{vmatrix} \\
 & = (-1) \times 1 \times \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -4 & 7 \\ 0 & -1 & 19 & \\ -1 & 4 & 21 & \end{vmatrix} = -1 \times (-1 \times (26 - 19 \times 6)) \\
 & \frac{3\text{行目} =}{4\text{行目} =} \quad (-1) \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -4 & 7 \\ 0 & -1 & 19 & \\ 0 & 6 & -26 & \end{vmatrix} = -1(26 - 114) \\
 & = (-1) \times 1 \times \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 19 \\ 6 & -26 \end{vmatrix} = 88,
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \boxed{A(11)} \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & -3 & -6 & 5 \\ -2 & 5 & 14 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & -2 & 5 \\ 15 & 10 & 10 & -5 \end{array} \right| \\
 \text{行の1倍} \quad \text{---} \quad (-3) \times 5 \times \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 2 & -5 \\ -2 & 5 & 14 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & -2 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & -1 \end{array} \right| \\
 6) \quad \text{行をいれかえ} \quad \text{---} \quad 3 \times 5 \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3 & -2 & 5 \\ -2 & 5 & 14 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -5 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & -1 \end{array} \right| \\
 \text{行列はくわ} \\
 \text{---} \quad = 3 \times 5 \quad \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3 & -2 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & 10 & 14 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 11 & 8 & -16 \end{array} \right| \\
 2\text{行目} + 1\text{行目}\times 2 \\
 4\text{行目} + 1\text{行目}\times (-3)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 3 \times 5 \times \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 4 & \\ 1 & 2 & -5 & \\ 11 & 8 & -16 & \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{c} 5.94 \\ 1.5 \\ 294.120 \end{array} \right| \quad \boxed{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \\
 &= 3 \times 5 \times \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 4 & \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & \\ 0 & 118 & 138 & \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{c} 5.94 \\ 13.8 \\ 891.0 \end{array} \right| \quad \boxed{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \\
 &= 15 \times (-1) \times \left| \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 9 \\ 118 & 138 & \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{c} 1154 \\ -16 \\ 138 \\ 138 \end{array} \right| \quad \boxed{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \\
 &= -15 \times (12 \times 138 - 9 \times 118) \quad \left| \begin{array}{c} 1156 \\ 1062 \\ 594 \end{array} \right| \quad \boxed{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \\
 &= -15 \times 594 = -8910
 \end{aligned}$$